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specified in the solicitation by the contracting officer in the Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products; or

(2)(i) It has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any end product to be furnished under the contract that is on the List and was mined, produced, or manufactured in a country identified on the List for that product; and

- (ii) On the basis of those efforts, the offeror is unaware of any such use of child labor.
- (d) Absent any actual knowledge that the certification is false, the contracting officer must rely on the offerors' certifications in making award decisions.
- (e) Whenever a contracting officer has reason to believe that forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture an end product furnished pursuant to a contract awarded subject to the certification required in paragraph (c) of this section, the contracting officer must refer the matter for investigation by the agency's Inspector General, the Attorney General, or the Secretary of the Treasury, whichever is determined appropriate in accordance with agency procedures, except to the extent that the end product is from the country listed in paragraph (b) of this section, under a contract exceeding the applicable threshold.
- (f) Proper certification will not prevent the head of an agency from imposing remedies in accordance with section 22.1504(a)(4) if it is later discovered that the contractor has furnished an end product or component that has in fact been mined, produced, or manufactured, wholly or in part, using forced or indentured child labor.

[66 FR 5347, Jan. 18, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 65371, Dec. 18, 2001; 67 FR 56123, 56126, Aug. 30, 2002; 69 FR 1053, Jan. 7, 2004; 69 FR 34240, June 18, 2004;69 FR 77872, Dec. 28, 2004; 71 FR 865, Jan. 5, 2006; 72 FR 46358, Aug. 17, 2007; 73 FR 10963, Feb. 28, 2008; 74 FR 40462, Aug. 11, 2009; 75 FR 38690, July 2, 2010; 77 FR 12934, 12936, Mar. 2, 2012; 78 FR 70480, Nov. 25, 2013; 78 FR 80380, Dec. 31, 2013]

22.1504 Violations and remedies.

- (a) Violations. The Government may impose remedies set forth in paragraph (b) of this section for the following violations (note that the violations in paragraphs (a)(3) and (a)(4) of this section go beyond violations of the requirements relating to certification of end products) (see 22.1503):
- (1) The contractor has submitted a false certification regarding knowledge of the use of forced or indentured child labor.
- (2) The contractor has failed to cooperate as required in accordance with the clause at 52.222–19, Child Labor Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies, with an investigation of the use of forced or indentured child labor by an Inspector General, the Attorney General, or the Secretary of the Treasury.
- (3) The contractor uses forced or indentured child labor in its mining, production, or manufacturing processes.
- (4) The contractor has furnished an end product or component mined, produced, or manufactured, wholly or in part, by forced or indentured child labor. Remedies in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section are inappropriate unless the contractor knew of the violation.
- (b) Remedies. (1) The contracting officer may terminate the contract.
- (2) The suspending official may suspend the contractor in accordance with the procedures in subpart 9.4.
- (3) The debarring official may debar the contractor for a period not to exceed 3 years in accordance with the procedures in subpart 9.4.

22.1505 Solicitation provision and contract clause.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of 22.1503, insert the provision at 52.222–18, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products, in all solicitations that are expected to exceed the micro-purchase threshold and are for the acquisition of end products (regardless of country of origin) of a type identified by country of origin on the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child

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Labor, except solicitations for commercial items that include the provision at 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items. The contracting officer must identify in paragraph (b) of the provision at 52.222-18, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products, or paragraph (i)(1) of the provision at 52.212-3, any applicable end products and countries of origin from the List. For solicitations estimated to equal or exceed \$25,000, the contracting officer must exclude from the List in the solicitation end products from any countries identified at 22.1503(b), in accordance with the specified thresholds.

(b) Insert the clause at 52.222–19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies, in all solicitations and contracts for the acquisition of supplies that are expected to exceed the micro-purchase threshold.

Subpart 22.16—Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act

Source: 75 FR 77725, Dec. 13, 2010, unless otherwise noted.

22.1600 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures to implement Executive Order 13496, dated January 30, 2009 (74 FR 6107, February 4, 2009).

22.1601 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Secretary means the Secretary of Labor, U.S. Department of Labor.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.

22.1602 Policy.

- (a) Executive Order 13496 requires contractors to post a notice informing employees of their rights under Federal labor laws.
- (b) The Secretary has determined that the notice must contain employee rights under the National Labor Relations Act (Act), 29 U.S.C. 151 *et seq*. The

Act encourages collective bargaining, and protects the exercise by employees of their freedom to associate, to self-organize, and to designate representatives of their own choosing for the purpose of negotiating the terms and conditions of their employment or other mutual aid or protection.

22.1603 Exceptions.

- (a) The requirements of this subpart do not apply to—
- (1) Contracts under the simplified acquisition threshold;
 - (2) Subcontracts of \$10,000 or less; and
- (3) Contracts or subcontracts for work performed exclusively outside the United States.
- (b) Exemptions granted by the Secretary. (1) If the Secretary finds that the requirements of the Executive Order impair the ability of the Government to procure goods and services on an economical and efficient basis or if special circumstances require an exemption in order to serve the national interest, the Secretary may exempt a contracting department or agency, or groups of departments or agencies, from the requirements of any or all of the provisions of this Executive Order with respect to a particular contract or subcontract, or any class of contracts or subcontracts, including the requirement to include the clause at 52.222-40, or parts of that clause, in contracts.
- (2) Requests for exemptions may be submitted in accordance with Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR 471.3.

22.1604 Compliance evaluation and complaint investigations and sanctions for violations.

- (a) The Secretary may conduct compliance evaluations or investigate complaints of any contractor or subcontractor to determine if any of the requirements of the clause at 52.222–40 have been violated.
- (b) Contracting departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Secretary and provide such information and assistance as the Secretary may require in the performance of the Secretary's functions.